

AN
EXPLANATION 853. e 13
2

OR
ENLARGING OF

the ten Articles in the Supplication

Doctor JAMES, lately exhibi-
ted to the Clergy of
England.

OR

A manifest prooffe that they are both rea-
sonable and faifible within the
time mentioned.

Our Law condemneth no man before hee bee
heard.



OXFORD,

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Anno Dom. 1625.

EXTRACT
OF THE
JOURNAL

of the
American
Association
for the
Advancement
of Science
held at
the
City of
New York
in the
year 1854

OF
A
NATURAL
HISTORY
OF
THE
UNITED
STATES
OF
AMERICA
AND
THE
ADJACENT
ISLANDS
AND
TERRITORIES
BY
J. A. COOPER

OF THE
AMERICAN
ASSOCIATION
FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT
OF SCIENCE
HELD AT
THE
CITY OF
NEW YORK
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FIRST
CONCERNING
THE FIRST POINT OF THE
Latine Fathers.

The first Point

That the *Latine Fathers* works, (where
of diuers are already done) the books
of *Councils*, and the body of the *Canon Law*,
may be diligently reviewed, and compared
with the best *Manuscripts*; and the Collecti-
ons and needfull obseruations thence from
arising, printed; together with the pieces
and fragments of the *Fathers* workes (if any
shall be found.)

Explained.



That all these ten points are necessary and fit
to be enquired into, I take as granted by
the confession of all: that they are doubted
by some, and plainly affirmed by others,
whether within the time mentioned they
may be performed, I know: and therefore I

An Explanation of the

as much in me lieth) endeavour to satisfie the one, and take away all manner of doubting from the other, with breuity and perspicuity; grounding my selfe vpon good experience for some, and very probable reasons for the rest; following the order prescribed.

Concerning the *Latine Fathers* therefore (the *Greek Fathers* being reasonably well done already, *Ignatius* by ^a *Vedelius*, ^b *Chrysostome* by that learned and iudicious Knight, ^c *Athanasius* by some, and ^d *Clemens Alexandrinus*, &c. by others) which doe in a maner implore our best helpe, and as the controuersies are moued in Religion, doe inforce our labour. There is not onely profession made by ^e *Lanfranke* of old, but by diuerse of late; *Gregory* of the *Rome Print*, and *Augustine* of *Paris*, doe fullie proue the same; that sundry things are purposely changed, whether for the better or the worse? who knoweth not that we haue iust cause giuen vs to suspect the worst? I will instance only in one place, & that a principall one, concerning Transubstantiation, a chiefe pillar of the Popish doctrine. The place is in ^f *Ambrose de Sacramentis*, the words, *Ut sint quae erant, & in aliud mutantur*: this corruption is about 500 yeares old: but yet not receiued till of late into the *Roman Edition*, and from thence deriued into the *Paris*, and it may be in the *Lye-on Edition*, and others: and yet these words now suppressed and dashed cleane out of the Text, are plainly to be found in all our MSS. of what Library, fro what Monastery soeuer. Adde hereunto, what shuffling and cutting there is betweene the *Master of the sacred Palace*, and the *Printer*; both hired to reforme say they, (no doubt) to desorme and corrupt the fathers workes. I know it, and can prooue it by ^g *Mannius Cyprian*, and ^h *Dominicus Basaes Gregory*, and *Ambrose* of

^a *Genene*. 1623

^b *Chrysost opera Gr. cum annot.* Etone 1612.

^c *Athanasij opera Grac. & Lat.* 1600.

^d *Clem. Alexandrini opera Graece cum annot.* 1542.

^e *Lanfrancus Manuscripta SS. Patrum secundum Orthodoxam fidem correxit, & immutauit.* Boston. in Catalogo & Jo. Anglicus in hist. aurea.

Observed by Master Rich. James, of C. C. a kinsman of mine.

^f *S. Ambrosii de sacram. 4.* See Pareus in

I Cor. Iyd. in annal. p. 172. Hospin. de sacrament. l. 2. p. 69. Just. in defens. p. 249. & Ambr. opera Romae. 1580.

^g There are six or seven copies in my Ecloga, I appeal to them all, I referre the Reader to my *Vindiciae Gregorianae*, now printing at Genua. ^h *Rome* 1564.

ⁱ *S. Gregory opera Romae* 1528. *Veterum, eorum, latinum collatione* (no copie named, nor whence taken) & pristino suo splendore restituta, aucta & illustrata. in pres. to. 4.

Rome. I can make an ocular demonstration of the manifold and manifest corruptions of these Authors: we may easily ghesse at the rest, for all their glorious pretence of two hundred copies, vsed in the Collation of Saint Augustine, and many in Gregory and Ambrose, I know not how many; nor doe I, nor any man living wor, how many Copies, or from whence taken, they haue vsed in this their double diligence. As for the Councils, I can (I suppose) produce, or there may be produced twenty severall Editions, all differing from themselves, and from the truth: and (if there be any one true) I doe ghesse it is that, whereof I doe heare tidings in a Booke of the Acts of the Council of Trent, printed by Arnold Brickman, 1565. this was of likelihood a good edition. One Celaninus had traualled farre and neere, to gather all that could be gotten: but either this was neuer printed, or being printed, was purposely suppressed by them.

For the Canon Law the sinke of all Poperie, and fountain, or puddle rather, of all kinde of Popish corruption, to found the Primacie, and by necessarie consequence, all points of Popery, out of blinde Councils, and bastard, false, or falsified Fathers: Yet as bad as it is, neither Text nor Glosse is so bad as they haue made it. I speake vpon knowledge, Semeca hath not in the old MSS. *Seuimus*, id est, *Abrogamus*; or *Dic Romano*, id est, *Constantinopolitano*: these fooleries are of a later stampe, & stamped or printed they are, but I suppose hardly to be found in the written Copies; for Gratian, questionlesse they haue vsed him (*Nec enim lex iustior vlla est*) as he is knowne to haue vsed others; they haue chopped and changed, curtailed and clipped his words, and workes; notwithstanding Gregorie the thirteenths pretence, of I know not how many copies, besides the labours of Faber and Acontius: I will instance onely in their *Palea*. They haue first plaied with the word, making

See one or two MSS. in the New College. *Vide Indicem librorum, quibus varij ex locis sunt habiti. Vide et de quibus librorum, in principio huius est admonere. S. de nomine Paleae Corpus Iuris Canonici, Rome 1582.*

Acipietis Aug. nostratum opera, hoc est Germanorum Theol. studiis illustrati, ad limam & incudem reuocatum: nec solum infinitis prope numero erroribus liberatum, sed etiam magnarum rerum accessione exornatum Ep. Thom. Gazeus Apostolicus ac regius lib. censor per Belgium operam nauauit in restit. Aug. ex varijs Bibliothecis: exemplaria plusquam 200. MSS. conquisierat. Concilia edita per Jac. Meesium 1524. per P. Crabb 1530. & 1531. Col. & lb. 1531. & lb. 1538. per Surium 1567. Ven. 1585. per Zilettum. per B. num 1606 et 1618. & Pauli 5. auctoritate 1608. & postremo Parisiensi 1623.

it a Cardinall, or a man for chaffe, and long for short; else should it be *Palea*, from *palaeus*, and not *Palia*: they haue herein done vs a double wrong; they haue made that *Palea* which is not so, because it maketh against them; and on the contrary side, they haue omitted to put the true stampe of *Paleas* vpon that, which maketh for them, though they be inuisible and innominable in the old MSS.

We haue examples store, in both kindes: The right of Emperors in making Lawes, and commandements for the Church, is casheered because it liketh them not: nor that of their married Popes, *Dist. 96. cap. 2. Osium Papa, Item Decret. Part. 2. cap. 27. q. 2. c. 18.* against Priests marriage.

Of the second sort are these: for drawing causes to Rome. *Causa 3. q. 6. c. 16. Neminem exhiberi, nisi prelatum sit qui accusetur*, is forged, and came in not the right way, to proue appeales to Rome. *Causa 24. q. 1. cap. 15. Rogamus vos fratres*: we reade these words for to establish the Supremacy: *Nulla est (sedes) que eius (i. Romana) non sit subiecta ditioni*. Againe, *Quanto magis non potest (famula) imperare*, as it were to strengthen the *Salicke Law*, *Causa 33. Quest. 5. cap. 17. Mulierem constat*, was thrust into the Text by some French man. The solemn swearing vpon the Gospell, and by the Reliques of the Saints, *Causa 33. Quest. 6. cap. 9.* are found in some blind Charnel house, or Reliquiarie, not in the written Gratian. *In de Consecrat. Dist. 2. cap. 1. In Sacramentorum oblationibus*, for assuring of their impossible doctrine of Transubstantiation; we vse it (say the Papists) *Vt a Patribus accepimus, & ipsa ratio docet*, which they haue thrust into the Text violently: *Habemus confitentes reos*. I could be large in this point, but I must but point at, and not treat *de industria* of their wilfull corruptions, and make whole *Iliads*, or *Chiliads* of them: but that which is expected of me now I haue prooued, that there is good reason, and high time to imploy some to perfit that worke, which was happily begun, and left off (which I shame to speake of) for want

of

Gratian corrupted about taking away kingly right. About Priests marriage.

About Appeales to Rome.

About the Supremacy.

About worshipping of reliques.

About Transubstantiation, besides infinite other deprauations.

Locuple tatum est caput hoc, ex originali & ceteris collectoribus, prater Anselmum qui habet ut antea Gratianus habebat in Annot.

See my answer against A. C. and A. B. &c. when it shall come forth.

of paiement. I was, and am willing to be imployed in the painfull revision of the rest; but how shall I be able to imbarque others in that businesse? But *non solum nunc & o-lusfic erit*: we had then, and I trust shall have now in some proportion, men as willing and as able to doe the worke; and I am sure that the world will beare me witnesse, that my labour was treble to any ones: and yet in a yeere and little more, we suruaied all *Gregorie*, and *Cyprian*, and all *Ambrose* of the *Rome* print: noting both the differences in the Margent, whether materiall, or immateriall; what Copy each man vsed, when we began, and when we ended, and how farre we proceeded euery day; neuer ceasing our fixe houres a day, (Sundaies and Holy daies excepted) God giuing me a body able, and a minde willing to fit it out: and that I may be thankfull to the Diuine maiesty, my body, as if it had a dispensation for the time, was free from any knowne disease, that did, or might impeach the worke. My body (I must confesse) is much impaired since, by much sicknesse; but on the contrary, my willingnesse and experience in these businesse, are much increased: and therefore I am perswaded, that if *Ambrose*, *Gregorie*, and *Cyprian*, may be, and haue beene done within a yeere and something more: *Augustine* may be done in another, and *Hierome* in a third, and all the rest of the *Fathers* in lesse then a yeere, and the *Councils* and *Gratian* in a fift; whereof one, as I haue said, is happily passed already: I doe purpose to imploy onely fixe persons, foure to the MSS, one to the last of the Protestants, the sixt to the last of the Papists Edition; which both shall be noted in the Margent, and I will take vpon me as before, to be both Notarie, and Actuarie to the Company, concluding (as *Bellarmino* doth) if he be as true as his word: *Si semel inueniar mentitus in uita, omnem mihi in posterum fidem derogans.*

stone and the Palsie, but recovered by Doctor *Claitons* meanes, my worthy friend, and learned brother, Master of *Pembroke* College, and our publike Professour of Physicke, and Reader of the Anatomie Lecture.

My Lord of *Canterbury* promised & gaue 10^l. My Lord of *Yerke* 10^l. My Lord of *Winchester* *Bil-son* 10^l. The Bishop of *Dur-bam*, Doctor *James*, 10^l. and sundry others did willingly promise and pay: others did willingly promise, but failed in pay-ment, whose names I con-ceale.

All the bookes that were hitherto vsed in our collation, were either at, or according to the *Rome* print.

See hereafter amongst the Criticall *thes.* 22.

At that time was (troubled, I cannot say,) but subiect to the stone: since that, I haue beene afflicted both with the

The second Point

That the *Latine Translation* of the *Greeke Fathers* may be collationed by able and fit persons, by reason of diuerse *Christophors* and *Iesuits*, that haue too-too much abused the ignorant of the tongue.

Explained.

Touching the second Point, for the comparing of the *Latine Translation* of the *Greeke Fathers*: I purpose not (valesse it shall be thought fit, by my Superiours) to compare it with *MSS. Copies in Greeke*: we are left destitute of Copies, especially now we are wholly bereft of all hope of helpe from the great *Palatine Library*: but (as I haue said) *Vedelius*, and that worthy and thrise honoured Knight and others, haue partly preuented, and partly supplied vs herein: that which I intend, is onely to suruay the *Translations* in places controuerted onely, whether they be fitting and proper. A worke that may well be done, being diuided amongst our Sages of the *Greek*, whether in, or out of the *Vniuersitie*, within a yeare: though if they list to follow *Vedelius* in noting the corrupt *Translations*, sundring the *Bastard Treatises* from the true apart by themselves, & answering the places objected out of the *Fathers*, with *Criticall* obseruations, they shall deserue well of the *Fathers*; it may, and shall be done for the *Latine Fathers*: as we may follow *Vedelius* in the *Greeke*, so if no other will vnder- take the worke in the *Latine Fathers*, I will doe the like in them, as Master *Crompton* hath done before in *Saint Augustine*.

The third Point

That the *Indices Expurgatory* may be likewise perused, all of them, as many as can be gotten, the places forbidden to be transcribed, of which labour is a third part at the least already taken by me, or my procurement.

Explained.

The third Point concerneth the *Indices Expurgatory*, which no doubt are many, but all are not to be gotten, and of those we cannot get the Editions mentioned in their bookes, without the which it cannot be done. Nevertheless, to facilitate this worke, I have in a readinesse an *Alphabetical note of all the Editions that are forbidden* *done corrigatur*: that those that haue them may send them vnto vs. I say onely that I, by my selfe, and others, haue already done a third part of the whole, perhaps it will amount to a second of all the Bookes and Editions that be found, and that men may know how farre I haue proceeded already, these Authors following, with their severall bookes, are rescued out of the Papists hands, and restored by me.

The first, *Index Expurgatus* that we haue, is the knowne one of *Junius*, printed according to that of *Antwerp*, *Augl.* 1586.

The second, of *Madril*, 1582.

The third, called *Greg. Capuccini Echi-rision Ecclesiasticum Ven.* 1583.

The fourth, by

Geo. Delmeida, Lat. & Portugallice, *Oliff.* 1581. The fifth, per *Io. Marian Bruchellens.* 1607, *Fen. 1.* The sixt and last, by *Bern. de Sandougl. Madr.* 1612.

The

An Explanation of the

The reprinting of that which they commanded to be left out, and in some bookes de facto left out, will keepe one Presse going a yeere.

Abulensis or Thostatus

P. Aerodius.

Leo Bapt. Alberti.

Amatus Lusitanus.

Lud. Ariosto.

The Annotations vpon S.

Aug.

Albertus Argentinenfis.

Iac. Philippi Bergomenfis.

Laurentius Beyerlincke.

Biblia Rob. Stephani.

Biblia cum duplici Translatione.

Bibliotheca SS. Patrum.

Io. Bodinus.

P. de Bolla.

Henr. Brandant.

Guil. Budens.

Ambros. Calepinus.

Barth. Cassianus.

Greg. Cappucinus.

Io. Campensius.

Index in Job. Glicysfostomus.

Nic. Clandarus.

Isid. Clarius.

Pe. Crinitus.

Cyprianus Monachus Cl.

-stena.

Nota marginales Index & textus Cyrilli Alex.

Dantes.

Imondel del Dono.

Fr. Duarenius.

Andr. Eberensis.

Nota in Engelbertum.

Enchiridion Christiana institutionis.

Erasmi opera, almost.

Claud. Espencans.

Eucherius.

Iac. Faber Stapulensis.

Barth. Ferrariensis.

Io. Fernus.

Barth. Fumanus.

Gilb. Genebrardus.

Germanicarum rerum scrip-

tores. Tomis varijs.

Lilius Greg. Gyraldus.

Ant. de Gutierrez.

Claud. Guiliandus.

Adamus Kellerus.

Albertus Krantzins.

Iustus Lipsius.

Iosephus Liguinus.

Andr. Masius.

Christ. Mussanus.

Iac. & S. Meuris.

Ianotius de Moxetis.

Lucius Marinus sculpsit.

Marcus Marullus.

Iac. Menochius.

Papyrius Massonius.

Ben. Arias Montanus.

Tho. Matus, Miles.

Ioh. Neumaier.

Annot. in Nicophorum.

Hieron. ab Oleastro.

P. Opiscus.

Claud. Paradisus.

Fr. Petrarcha.

Fr. Polygranus.

Io. Iou. Pontanus.

Procopius Gazus.

Ant. de Rampengolis.

Guil.

Guil. Ranchinus.

P. Rebuffus.

Eman. Rodericus.

Alph. Salmeron.

Eman. Sa.

Io. de Salas.

Iac. Schoepperus.

Iul. Cæsar Scaliger.

Dimas Serpi.

Laur. Schraderus.

Raynerus Sneygoudanus.

Rob. Stephanus.

Did. Stella.

Fr. Stuartius.

Alex. Tartagni.

Iac. Aug. Thuanus.

Beniamin Tudelenfis.

Tuacius Taccius.

Fr. Vallesius.

Laur. Valla.

Dan. Venetarius.

Diego de la Vega.

Polyd. Virgilius.

Alphonfus Vualdus.

Lud. Vines.

Geo. Wicelius.

Theodorus Zuingerus.

All these forenamed Authors, (vnlesse it be Zuinger and Erasmus workes) are (if I may say) repurged and restored vnto their former integritie, the rest that remaine may be well transcribed in halfe a yeere: for I can set at one time a hundred seuerall persons on worke; it it is a businesse of labour, *Et quis ad hæc non idoneus*. I intend not (vnlesse it be by commandement of my Superiours) to meddle with the Expurgation of our Protestant Writers, which they haue vainely attempted; nor of the *Thalmud* of the Iewes, or *Rabbinicall* Writers: but Popish Writers of what sect, sort, language, nation, or facultie whatsoeuer, rag and rag, are the *subiectum adæquatum* of this businesse: And so I come vnto the fourth Point, of collation of bookes.

As master Casaubon and Master Densius workes, and Sir Adolphus Mathersbook are done already: but for the rest I think we may save our labour.

B 2

The

The fourth Point

That *Lyra* and the *Glosse*, the *Great Bibliotheca sanctorum Patrum*, *Platina*, *Caietan*, *Alphonsus de Castro*, and sundry others of all sorts of Authors, may be compared with former Editions, and Manuscripts (if need be to meet with their secret *Indices Expurgatorii*, which are the more dangerous, because they print, and leaue out what they list, at pleasure, and yet make no words of it, neither haue any Commission knowne for to doe it.

Explained.

*Qui Lyrae Opera cum Glos-
sa ordinaria, &c.
Lugd. 1589.
ab infinitis mi-
dis purgata, &c.
per Fr. Fernan-
dum ord.
Minorum, Joh.
Dadream, &
Iac. de Cueilly,
Theol. Doctores.
The booke de-
dicated to Sixtus 5. Patrum interpretat. ad ipsos fontes reuocatis, ipsis per doctum Lyram pe-
sillis D. Lyrae et ipsius Autographum, ex consensu Canonij Vermoliensi diligenter collatis.
Biblia SS cum Glossa ordinaria, &c. 16. 6. comprehensa Onaci, 1617. Quid in hac edit. presti-
tum sit ultra omnes al. as editiones etiam illam quam Parisenses Theologi exhibuerunt quam mul-
ta correctis, restituta, sup. leta, quam multa utiliter ad. esse, opera & studio Theologorum Dua-*

Touching this fourth Point, herein giue me leaue to
explain my selfe out of my owne and others obser-
uations, especially of the learned Bishop of *Moth*: *Lyra*
and the *Glosse* were reviewed and reuised by *Dadream*, *Cu-
eilly*, and *Fernandus*: and now lately by three *Benedi-
ctines*: if their former did their best, what needed the se-
cond Edition? if they did not, why doe they pretend such
exactnesse, so great paines? But the truth is, *Lyra* is some-
what touchy against them, and the *Glosse* doth thwart
their Expositions: and therefore though closely, the three

Doubts doe make profession, that they haue mended diuers things, wherein the former Edition was wanting, according to the prescript of the MSS, and some things they say, they haue thought good to expunge in *Thoringus* about *Lyra*: where he is thought *delirare* from their Trent faith, or common Tenets: a great labour, vnderaken, I am afraid, rather to suppress the truth, than to expresse any good meaning. *Epicharmus* precept will here serue, as Doctor *Rainold* sheweth vs, to distrust their workes of what kinde soeuer; especially if the *Iesuites* haue a finger in the setting forth of them: as you may see their notes imposed almost in euery Tome of the *Bibliotheca Probabilium Patrum*, which hath bene reprinted foure times within these few yeres, and twice within these two or three yeres: Thinke yon that it was for nothing? Was not the *Romane* correction sufficient to purge it, according vnto whose correction it was printed carefully at *Paris*? If the Master of the *Sacred Palace* be not wise enough to mead it; we are like to haue it well amended. But who knoweth what harme is done in the middle aged Writers? *Bacon* or *Baconthorpius*, (I am perswaded) is corrupted in the late Editions, *Aquinas*, and *Scorus*, *Blesensis* and others; Doubtlesse, by that little that I haue seene, they carry the marke of the Beast; and the print of their fingers: but if I may haue my will, no booke of note or worth shall goe vncompared: the worke is very easie, the parties are very many that may well be implord in this worke, if they haue corrupted them vnder colour of correcting them. There hath bene reprinted of late, *Aphonsus de Castro*, *Onuphrius*, *Sixtus Senensis*, and last of all, *Marcus de Guadalajara* in Spanish, of the liues of the latter Popes, with the occurrences

They confesse they haue put forth the testimonies of the *Rabbins* & others. Possuine excuseth the former Edition by haste of the Printer, and ciuil wars.

Col. Agr. 1613. to. 14. and Bibliotheca vet. Patrum sen. Edit. Paris. 1609. to. 8. ex prescripto Indicis Expurgatorii Romae vulgati emendata.

If we compare *Jo. Baconthorpius* workes in *sen. Cremona 1618.* with the former *Mad. 1512 Blesensis* of *Magunce 1600.* put forth by *Buseus*, with the former, *1519. and c. e. MSS. whereof we haue store in the Library.*

Aquinas of *Rome 1570. or Antwerp 1613.* with former Editions and MSS. *Scorus* workes, *Ven. 1597.* with that of *Nurembergi 1481.* as also *Bedes* history I know to be very corrupted, being a leading Author to all our late Historians. *Alph de Castro* aduersus hereses, is farre different from the latter Editions about the Popes authority, we haue all his Editions. *Onuphrius* the old doth infinitely disagree with the latter, especially in *Iulius* the third his life.

those times: Touching the former, the learned haue spoken enough to stirre vs vp to the diligent reuising and comparing of them. For *Alphonfus de Castro*, I leaue you to consider of that which hath bene stricke out of him in latter Editions, *in verbo Papa*, concerning the Popes infallible authoritie, which true *Castro* doth deny to be so great as it is made; or that his person is inerrable, he thinketh no Parasite of the Popes, or flatterer of the world, wil dare to auouch. For *Onuphrius* & others, I know what the learned iudgment is of that Author & others, & I know and all the world shall know how this *Guadalajara* is vsed, or rather abused by the Papists, and forced to say, & vn say, for seruile feare of the Spanish *Sandonall*, both against his wil, & the truth: it is the latest, clearest instance of their cunning dealing, to their no small aduantage, to settle a wrong opinion in mens mindes about the powder Treason. In the former Edition, which is but an addition vnto *Ille fear* of the Popes liues, he hath truly reported the story of the Gunpowder treason, out of *Gothardus Arithus*, and others: laying (as we say) the saddle vpon the right horse, the fault vpon certaine Popish male contents; but it seemeth in a latter Edition, now extant in the publique Library, they haue mis-reported the treason, and put it as *D. B. Clermond* had done before vpon the Puritanes; casting foule aspersions vpon our State, as if they had plotted that which the Papists had acted out of a *Ragionamento del Stato*, or *Trigo del Estado*, or as *Clermond* saith, to get their goods and lands confisked vnto the Exchequer, to enrich the Kings cofers.

That which I inferre out of these premises, are the iniury

See *Nelson de o. bed. p. 294. In lib. de heres. in script. Paris. in folio à l'od. Bad. exco. anno 1534. l'cel. lat. part. 2. p. 128. Quarta pa te de la historia Pontifical Geno al y Catholica compuesta y ordenada por Fr. Marco de Guadalajara y Xa uier de la Re ligion obseruante de nuestra Señora del Carmen de Aragon, dirigida al muy alto y poderoso monarca de España Philip po Tercero Rey y Señor nuestro, Anno 1612. Con licencia y privilegio Impresa en Cava roc. por Iuan de Landa y Quartanet.*

Conforme a lo que be leydo en *Gotardo Dantisano* y otros auctores, una traycion intentada contra el Rey Iacobo, sus hijos y muger, y contra todos los nobles y estado, del Reyno: y descubierta misericordiasamente por lo que dios sabe, Part. 4 lib. 34 cap. 8. This booke is called *Vando y leyes del Rey Iacobo contra la Fe Catholica, con su respuesta, y aduertencia al Letor para la aueriguacion e intelligencia deste caso* prouechosa para el mismo Rey y para todos por el *D. B. de Clermond*; a booke in the hands of Master *Boswell Parson* of *Saint Laurence* in London, they haue craftily concealed the time and yeere wherein it is printed.

done vnto the estate of bookes, and sometimes vnto books of Estate, inuoluing our King and Counsellors within their secret censures. This booke is reprinted as I say, within few yeeres, composed by a man of great note, dedicated to Philip the third, printed at the first with license and privilege, approued by diuers kindes of Religious persons, no mention is made of any alterations in the second edition: and it is turned cleane cham. The fact is notorious, the fault inexcusable, say what can be objected in his defence. He is perhaps liuing, and liuing men, as they may alter their willes, so they may change their words. (I admit it, so doe our Masters of Trent: but conditionally, so it be in matters of faith, and not of fact: or if it be in matter of faith, so the Author be conuincd, and his error shewed: but in questions of fact, *volat irrenocabile verbum*, the rule must hold, *quod scripsi scripsi*, all the world cannot helpe it, it cannot be, as *Aeneas Sylvius* sometimes said. But to come to *Guadalajara* was that true that he had written in his former edition, why is it altered in this latter? if it be not, why is not the contrary shewed? howsoeuer it be, they should haue told vs so much in the frontispice or first page, that upon better aduise, and truer relations, *Leuys de Banua*, hath altered some things: but I doe verily beleue, it was not done by him, but *mandato Superiorum*, by those that do tyrannize ouer mens bookes, and lode it ouer mens consciences: this latter booke is now in the hands of a friend of mine *ad facti fidem asserendam*, and cannot possibly be deuoyd, doe they what they can, or else I am much deceiued. You see by that what hath bin spoke, how needfull it is that all sorts of bookes as well of Estate, as Religion, should be diligently compared with former Editions: it is to be presumed that all sorts of bookes are depraued by them, especi-

The very same booke is reprinted thus as if it had been composed by Dr. *Leuys de Banua* capellan del Rey N. S. en su Real capilla de Granada con privilegio de Madrid, por *Luis Sanchez* Impressor del Rey nuestro senior. anno de 1613. Both Editions dedicated to the King, made and published within one yeare, the first approued by Maestro *Pedro Geronymo Casfian* n. e, *Iuan Perez de Arrieda* offi. y regente del Vicario, Padre Fray *Esteuã de Th* us provincial de las Carmelitas &c. P. Miguel Ripol.

Guadalajara as it were by a *Ante* r *pschosis* changed into *Leuys de Banua*, and fue censured into four, as it were four Kings warring against fue, Por el mandado del Rey, as is said,

They know
every puny
Disme would
than such
Editions that
have this scar-
crow title
in the fore-
front of the
booke.

ally that come forth with glorious Titles, faire Paper, and chiefly with Iesuiticall Annotations: although they come not forth *Iuxta mandatum Indicis expurgatorij*, or *S. Inquisitionis*, whether of *Spaine* or of *Rome*, *Multa latent, quae non patent*; the truth of this will easily appeare by our labour, the labour will be farre more easie then the former, and if I haue causelessly suspected them, I will cry them mercy, and subscribe vnto the truth; we may set not a hundred, but a thousand on worke (if need require) but I haue vnto the fist Article.

The fist Point

That the *Authors of the middle age*, that wrote in the defence of that Religion, which is now (thankes be to God) publicly established in the *Church of England*, for the substance thereof, may bee faithfully transcribed, diligently collated, & distributed into volumes, whereof many may bee made of orthodoxe writers; if not so many as of their *Bibliotheca Patrum Probabilium*: adding hereunto such Writers, as being bred and brought vp in the bosome of the *Roman Church* saw the disorders, discovered their abuses both in doctrine and manners, and wished almost for the same

same reformation, that was afterward
most happily wrought and brought to
passe by Martin Luther and his compa-
nions: of the first sort are *Wickliffe, Pea-
cocke, Gu. de S. Amore, Jo. P. Minorita,*
Normannus Anon, Nic. Orem and sundry
others: of the Later kinde, *Wesselus,*
*Wicelius, P. de Alliaco, Faber, Gerson, Cu-
sanus*, and such like.

Explained.

THe fift Article concerneth the transcribing Authors
of the middle age, a point wherein (if in any) wee
may seeme to be defective. But *quedam videntur & non
sunt*, store is no sore; we haue (thanked be God) store of
these Writers, that haue witnessed the truth of our Religi-
on, both in their worthy and solide writings, and by their
glorious deathes. If they failed in any point (as seldome
they doe) it was the fault and darkenesse of those times,
the fault & number of those bastardly and beggarly Trea-
tises, which euer since *Vincentius Lirimensis* time corrupted
the lumpe and body of the true writers: there was no *Eras-
mus* then liuing to hold the candle vnto them, no *Cookes* or
Rinets liuing, to vnmaske or vnaile them. Hence it is that
our *Magdeburg* Writers haue found so many *newes* and
errours in the *Fathers*: but all of them of whom they spake
and so sharply inueigh against are not *Fathers*, nor true
sonnes, but bastard impes, it were well they were well roo-
ted out all, both branch and bough, as *Spuria vniuersum
non dabitur radices alias*. Would it not trow we bee a
glorious

Of *Wicliſſes*
workes and
Peacockes, we
have the ſe
MSS. in Ox-
ford and Cam-
bridge.

1 *Io. Wicliſſes*
Triangle tran-
ſcribed.

2 His Expo-
ſition vpon
the *Epistles*
and *Gofpels*.

3 Of the ſeven
Commend-
ments.

4 Of the ru-
ines of the
Church.

5 Of the
Church, and
the members
thereof.

6 Of the liues
of the Priests,
and his con-
feſſion of the
Sacrament.

7 Againſt the Friars Miners. 8 His Com. on the *Pſalmes*, and diuers other works.
In Latine theſe: 1 *De vtriate Scripſure* almoſt tranſcribed. 2 *De 10 Mandatis*.
3 *De dominii civili contra unum Men* in defence of Kingly power, proving the unlaw-
fulneſſe of *K. Iohns* Donation (if any ſuch were) ſee the reſt in my *Ecloga* of *Peacocke* his
Donate of Chriſtian life, and Repreſſor of ouer much blaming the Cleargy. MSS.
Geo. Wicliſſes works are printed in diuers yeares, from 1531. to 1559 He wrote almoſt as
much as *S. Aug* & would, if he had liued, haue reduced the into Tomes. *Wefſelus* works
are printed at *Paſ.* 1524 and reprinted lately at *Marpurg*. 1617. *Mr. Harding* would
faine perſwade *Mr. Iell* to recant and apoſtate from the faith, becauſe one *Staphylus*,
Baldwinus, and *Wicliſſes*, had done the like, *Iell* in his anſwere to *Mr. Hardings* concluſi-
on. *Iac. Gretſerus* in excerptis de vita & moribus *Lutheranorum* ex *Geo. Wicliſſes* libello qui
inferibitur. *Retecio Lutherismi*, &c. Liſſ. 1538. *Hac Wicliſſes olim Lutherus predicans*.
Papa lux venit in mundum: ſed dixerunt homines tenebras magis quam lucem. Omnis qui male
agit, odit lucem; Et non venit ad lucem ut non arguantur opera eius i. quia mala ſunt. Oratio
Cornelij Episcopi Bipontini in Conc. Trid. ſub Paulo 3. p. 16. Conc. Trid. Roan. 1567.
The Vniuerſity of Oxford in an *Epistle* to *Io. P. 22*, about prouiſions, haue the very ſame
words in effect; as if *Cor. Maſſe* had there read them cut of a MSS. of *Mr. Allens* be-
fore *Turgots* booke of the Biſhops of *Dureſme*.

An Explanation of the

glorious ſight, to ſee *Wicliſſes* and *Peacocke* reuiued againe
out of the duſt of their graues, and our Libraries, and to
write in defence an Apologie of our Religion, as valiantly
and pertinently as *Iuel* or *Morton* haue done, both Bi-
ſhops and glorious Lamps and Ornaments of this Church
of England; and for want of others, we will be bold to
craue aide of the *Papiſts*, they haue giuen vs a good
hent in their ſeueral bookes of *Prohibition*, and *Expurgati-
on*, and ſo directed vs, that we need not farre to ſeek for
wittneſſes: they though *Papiſts* will beare witneſſe vnto the
Proteſtant faith and orthodoxe doctrine, or elſe I do much
miſtake their writings, or our owne *Tenets*; and let *Wicliſſes*
or *Wefſelus* anſwere for vs. *Wicliſſes* workes are printed,
but I ſuppoſe his workes are in the hands of few: *Wefſelus*
are extant and to be read of all. *Wicliſſes* (as ſhall be ſhew-
ed ere long) was almoſt wholly ours; it will not ſerue
their turns to ſay as *Harding* doth, that he was firſt of our
Religion, or as *Gretſer* (that neuer told lie in his life) ſome-
times a *Lutheran* preacher. I doe not abſolutely deny it, it
may be ſo, there is little written of, much by him: but in all
his writings that I haue ſeen till of late, there can be nothing
gathered wheron they may ground this improbable conceit.
But what then as for *Wefſelus*, he was not vnworthily called

lux mundi, not blasphemously, as certain of their Parasites haue said of some Popes; *Papa lux venit in mundum*, &c. But I will call him as the Scripture calleth the righteous, as bright a Starre as any shined in their Horizon. Whose workes are set forth and published as well by their owne men, as ours, and his death greatly lamented of all.

But why dwell I so long vpon this point? the worke is as easie and faile as the two last. We may imploy as many hands as we please, and Authority shall thinke fit. Two *Dutchmen* of the *Palatinate* haue trauelled for me in this businesse, and are able and willing to write out a quire of Paper in a weeke, which would come to an hundred quire in the yeare, able to set two presses on worke. Their hand is legible, though not faire. I haue paid them xx s. for a quire (their ingenuitie being Schollars, craueth no lesse at my hands.) Some things I haue of *Wicleph* both in *English* and *Latine* ready for the Presse: especially I haue imployed them in writing out his *De veritate Scripturæ*, or his *Alphabet* (as *Zwinger* calleth it) and I haue begun the rather with this booke, because it was his Master-piece, and (as was saide) a good meanes of conuerting the *Bohemian* Nation, next vnder God. I haue likewise ready done the great and famous worke of *Gual. de S. Amore*: not that which is printed, but that which exceedeth that farre, both in greatnesse and goodnesse: it is or shall be ready for the Presse, and I will account no booke ready till it haue a good Concordance in the Margent, a Table of the Auctors cited, and matter contained therein, after the most exactest manner of an Alphabet.

It is not that which is printed *De periculis hominum* *temporum*, which it seemeth Mr. Fox had seene, where are 25. signes, but a booke with

this Title, *Collectio Catholica & Canonica Scripturæ, ad instructionem & preparationem simplicium fidelium Christi, contra pericula imminencia Ecclesiæ Generali per hypocrisis, Pseudo-prædicationes, & penetrantes domos, & atiosas & curiosas & gyrovagos*, which is ready for the Presse vpon a weekes warning.

The

The sixth Point

That the *Catalogus testium veritatis*, compiled by *Illyricus*, may be rectified out of the originals, quoting Booke, Chapter, and Edition; and supplied out of the vnprinted Manuscripts.

Explained:

Touching *Illyricus*, the Books printed; whose authorities are vouched, may be reviewed by many; but for the Manuscripts (as I would wish that all that are in Oxford and Cambridge, or else where, may be viewed, *quod ad hoc*) I haue much in this kinde gathered to the hand, much more hath an industrious kinsman of mine: If I had no other imployment but this, wee two would vndertake that businesse, and to doe it as it should bee done, to no small profit of the Church, and increase of *Illyricus Catalogue of witnesses of the truth*.

Of c.c.c.

The seventh Point

That out of all these an *Anticoccus* may be framed out of Fathers, and middle-aged Writers, that were in their times esteemed of the Church of Rome, and out of them onely: nothing doubting but we shall be able to match, if not exceed, his

two large Volumes, both in greatnesse
and goodnesse; quoting as before, pre-
cisely, our Editions; and doing all *fide*
optima & antiqua, religiously and vnpar-
tially, as becommerh Diuines.

Explained.

For the *Anticoccinus*, it is already performed in a maner:
I haue all the testimonies before *Luther*, and before or
since of Papists, that prooued each Point materiall of our
Religion, disposed after a double method: the first of time,
descending downewardes from Christ and his Apostles:
the second Alphabeticall, that I may know and supplie
what is wanting, there wants: but comparing of the testi-
monies with the Originall: though I mis-doubt them not,
being all taken out of the worthies amongst our Writers:
Namely, *Bilson*, and *Morton*, and *Abbot*, Bishops; *Field*,
and *Francis White*, Deanes; *Iohn White*, and *Beard*, Do-
ctors of Diuinity: as also *Jewell* and *Mornay*, and who
dares suspect? I know some haue chalenged them, but
the best is, they haue made their owne Apologies.

See Jewells de-
fence and re-
pliche against
Harding, and
Mornayes resp.
à l'Esq. d'Eu-
reux Saluay.
1603.

C 3

The

The eighth Point

That the *supposititious* and *Bastard Workes* of the *Fathers*, noted by Doctor Rivet, or Master Cooke, or any other, may be re-examined; their exceptions scanned or weighed with indifferency, and other reasons added to their challenge, if any shall be found.

Explained.

In my Enchi-
rion Theologicā
DISS. apud me,
taken out of
the most emi-
nent amongst
the Popish or
Protestant
writers, with
quotations of
booke, and
Chapters.

Concerning the eighth Point of the *bastard Fathers*: Some are challenged by *Protestants*, some by *Papists*, some by both; by whom, & the places where, I have a reasonable good direction: the places may be seene, their reasons weighed, and accordingly on Gods name let iudgement be giuen. I know some that are tainted of corruption, which will appeare vpon better iudgement, to be truly their proper workes; I spare to speake my minde, or to instance and exemplifie in this point, for that it concerneth some greater & wiser men then my selfe: but thought is free, *vincat melior sententia*, & let that which is spoken by me, be spoken with due submission, & vnder correction, *Donec predeant censura aliorum*. The worke doubtlesse is of good moment, the doing of it will be no great labour, nor vnpleasant worke: so much I say before hand, for their and mine owne encouragement.

The ninth Point

That the suspected places may be viewed in the true *Fathers*, which are iustly challenged of corruption, either by our own men, or the aduersary; with the like indifferencie of mindes, and vnpartialitie of iudgements: being compared with the touchstone of the old *Manuscripts*, and printed bookes, which are *quasi Manuscripts*.

Explained.

AS concerning the ninth Point, a matter as worthy as any of our best considerations; there are a thousand places challenged of corruption, (I speake within compasse) most by *Protestants*, mostly in the question of the *Supremacie*, and iudge of controuersies, the carrying question: all which may be once well decided, either iudiciously out of the MSS, or coniecturally out of the strength of wit or reason, and there is no third way allowed vs by the Criticks, all that I haue seene, and some of the best, it hath been Gods prouidence that I haue seene in my time, which may appeare by that, which here followeth; gathered together and disposed into *Theses*, for the better guiding of me and others, that shall busie themselves in examining or re examining these 1000. places, or more; suspected or corrupted in the true *Fathers*.

I haue most of the places gathered together in *numerositate*.

Theses

Theses or Rules concerning the Art Criticke.

A Criticke is a man naturally inclined to those kinde of studies, of a sincere iudgement, approved honesty, versed in all kinde of good literature, as a man would say, a most exquisite and absolute Grammarian.

* Men. Steph. 1.
1. dissert. de Criticis p. 24.
ib. p. 43.

2. The Art Criticke, is an Art of inquiring into the truth, and faith of such as haue written and put foorth bookes, according to certaine rules, examining and reading all manner of bookes, in what faculty soeuer: *Kριτικός*, Critically, vpon Coniecture, or vpon Iudgement.

* H. Steph. dissert. de Criticis p. 247.

3. Our Coniectures are vncertaine, for the most part grounded onely vpon circumstances: Iudgement proceeds from the MSS, and is for the most part solide and certaine.

4. There are certaine rules and precepts to be obserued in both.

* Parce Pindar, Pindar.

5. Our Coniectures must be made sparingly, discreetly, and warily, and fortified with as many reasons as may be well brought together.

* Mar. Victor. Annot. in Hieron. Ep. p. 593.

* Lucas Frutius lib. verisimil. p. 40.

* H. Steph. 1. 1. dissert. de Criticis p. 22.

* Lucas Brug. Nouantiq. lect. p. 171.

* Fr. Luc. Brug. Nouantiq. lect. p. 304.

6. And this is a most certaine rule, that we must neuer change a reading vpon a bare coniecture onely, against the constant and receiued reading of all the MSS.

7. In defect and want of MSS. (which happeneth too often, God knoweth, and the Criticks know it to their grieve) The next and best helpe we haue, is from coniecture, it hath the second roome; but the first place doth by *droit de Canon* in the iudgement of our most approved Criticks, beginne, proceed, and end with the MSS. more or lesse.

8. It is a rule in Criticisme, that *ceteris paribus*, the older the copy is, the better it is.

9. There is another rule, that if the copie be old, it hath seldome its *explicit*, or time noted wherein it was written.

10. Ne-

10. Neuerthelesse, there are meanes and wayes left vnto vs, to difference and discerne old copies from new, former from latter, by the Character.

11. Bookes written in the *Longobard Character*, are esteemed to be of great antiquity, and so are bookes written with a bigger letter, or (as our *Antiquaries* call it) *Littera formata*, with a set hand, and both these as it hath bene iudiciously obserued, haue few or no abbreviations.

Mar. Villan. Annot. in Com. p. 1.

Angel. Polit. p. 69.

12. Bookes that haue bene transcribed within these 500 or 900 yeares, haue come into our hands very corrupt and false, as rightly obserued *Lud. Vines*, and others: the corruptions came in, partly by the vnskilfulnesse and multiplied abbreviations of those that vsually copied out bookes; partly by the boldnesse and presumption of certaine *scioles*; or lastly by the carelesnesse of Writers.

13. All which must be vnderstood with this one exception, vnlesse the said bookes were diligently copied out and collated with the old and best MSS; for so being carefully done, they may be well nigh of as good credit, and stand vs in as good stead as the old MSS. themselves, whereout they were transcribed.

14. This is to be knowne by these few markes: First, you haue it in some bookes in expresse tearmes, *explicit* such or such a booke, copied out such a yeare, and collationed the same yeare, or another.

Secondly, you shall finde it blotted and blurred in certaine places, where the wrong wordes are put forth, and the right set downe, most commonly in the Margent, or written ouer head.

Thirdly and lastly, by certaine prickles or points vnder so many letters or words as are to be expunged: a quaint deuise to preserve the beauty of their bookes, but very subiect to errour and misinterpretation.

15. Bookes that were printed long since, or at the first, when printing came in (such as *Cyprian* 1471. or 1478.) are sometime in stead, and equalled with some MSS.

D

16. In

16. In collationing and comparing of old bookes with new, printed with the MSS, (a worke onely of industry, and properly belonging to our *Criticks*) as the antiquitie of the bookes must be regarded, so the number of the copies is to be well considered, and weighed in the libration of bookes.

*m Goulart. An-
not. in Cyp. p.
582.
Fr. Brug. No-
want lect. p. 124*

17. As it is a sure and received rule, that there^m lieth a kinde of impossibility to mend a booke without any MSS, so to attempt to doe the same, without the aide of two copies at the least, may perchance prove but a fruitlesse, or bootlesse labour.

18. As the elder copies are to be preferred before the latter, so are the more to be regarded before the fewer.

19. If we finde a currant and constant reading in all the MSS, without any varying, no man may be so bold as to change the same, be it neuer so contrary to sense, or repugnant to reason: All that we can doe in such a case, is to glosse or expound it in the side of the booke, or in the end of the same, by way of Annotation.

*Mar. Victor.
Annot. in Com.
p. 1.*

20. In variety of MSS, the Reader is left free to choose what copy or reading liketh him best; no one mans iudgement must preiudice another mans opinion, because neither one man alone, nor all jointly together, doe know all things.

*Hen. Steph.
lib. schediasm.
p. 147.*

21. There is no assurance or infallibility in the Art *Criticke*: who dares absolutely to take vpon him to mend a booke, so as there shall be no fault or wrinkle in him? we cannot, we dare not say it: it is sufficient for a *Criticke*, to doe all that he may, or can, according vnto the rules of his Art, and to vse his best industry, that is to say, if he haue good MSS, to vse them; if he haue them not (because they also doe faile vs sometimes) to vse the best that can be gotten, and when they cannot be gotten, to follow the thred of *Coniectures* and likelihoods, which, sometimes, and in some cases, (though se'dome) are as good as some MSS.

*P Lucas Frute-
r-uerisimilium,
l. 7. p. 44.
Luc. Fruter.
uerisimil. p. 127.*

22. The readings in the MSS, whether right or wrong, found or vnfound, must be needfully, and heedfully pre-
served, and obserued.

24. Some-

24. Sometimes the inuersion or peruersion of a letter, the mis-pointing, false colon, or comma in a sentence, may overthrow the true meaning thereof, and draw it to a cleane contrary sense.

H. Steph. disert. de Criticis p. 53: & 65.

25. There is no fault so small, but must be mended, if it may, but noted it must be howsoever: these are but seeming trifles: I must confesse, yet such as with draw men from the true reading, and draw great consequences with them.

H. Steph. disert. de Criticis p. 71. Luc. Fruiter veris. l. 7. p. 20. 25.

26. Therefore our Criticke must approue his honest and faithfull dealing vnto the world, dealing with the MSS, as the MSS dealt with him; making choise of some good readings rather than other, but noting both vnto the Reader; for a false reading many times, hath some footsteps of a truer lection, and what one cannot, another may obserue: These are the Rules which wee intend to follow, till wee know any cause to the contrary.

Angel. Polib. p. 69. My Bishop of obedience p. 583. whereupon Dr. Norrice giueth vs his wife note.

And for the practise of them, I will exemplifie them in two places, taken from one of the profoundest Schollers, and of deepest iudgement that euer England yeelded. The first consisteth vpon iudgement, the other vpon coniecture, the two legs whereupon the Art Criticke standeth. My Author is the famous Bilson Bishop of Winton, whose learning was too great, and him selfe too good, (as foolishly Norrice said of him) to be a Protestant, and therefore hee praied for his conuersion after the time of his dissolution, I know not how he will answer this, he is not wont to be so charitable to others. My place (as I said) the one out of Aug. de Gen. ad lit. lib. 30. cap. 23. the other taken out of Chrysostomes Ep. ad Innocent. The Papists proue Tradition out of the one, and Norrice following Bellarmine, the Supremacy out of the other, but the Papists faile in both: the Bishops coniectures in neither, and my confirmations (if any be needfull, or possible after him) are partly out of the MSS, and partly out of coniecture. Touching the first place, thus we reade, *Consuetudo matris Ecclesie in baptizandis parauis non credenda, nisi Ecclesie traditio*

Bilson of obedience p. 583. whereupon Dr. Norrice giueth vs his wife note. Master Bilson and Master Field in append. 2. 5. 87. haue no other shift to traueise the euidence of this place, then by accusing it of some secret corruption. D. N. p. 47. How truly, the Reader may iudge by that which followeth.

Cited by him
about the
place Deu. 17.
where the Pa-
pists in their
vulgar Bible
read for et.
My *Ecloga* Ox-
onia-Cantabrig.
printed at
London 1600
to the benefit
of most Prote-
stant writers,
and some Pa-
pists, as *Possuin*
and *Pissus*,
thathave part-
ly mangled &
curtalled my
booke. I won-
der how they
durst keepe it
being utterly
forbidden by
10. *Maria* Ma-
ster of the Sa-
cred Palace.
So *Costerius* &
others.
See *Bilfon*. de o-
bed. p. 93. 1m.
10. 2. p. 730.

effect: Whereupon the iudicious Bishop hath these wordes following, they being objected to him in the person of the Papists by his *Philander*. The meaning of the Speaker in this place, and the likenesse of the same speech in other places, makes me thinke that a letter too much is crept into these words, as through the iniurie of times, and variety of Scribes, many thousand depravations, and divers Lections were, and yet are in the works of Saint Augustine and other Fathers, not only by the iudgment of the learned, but by the very sight of the *Margins*: Nisi Apostolica traditio esset for esse, is a scape in writing soone committed, but a matter of some moment in altering of the sense. I take not upon me to correct it, but leave it to the indifferent Reader. See here an euident Argument of the learned Bishops iudgement, and modestie: iudgement, or rather coniecture in ghesing it to be corrupted; modestie in not presuming to alter the reading vpon his owne coniecture, without further warrant from the MSS: for then he is bold to say, as he doth elsewhere; Know ye that there are sixe MSS. in the New College that reade thus. This place was (that I may ingeniously professe a truth) it that drew my studies to the contemplations of the MSS, and made me take a wearisome iourney to Cambridge, and elsewhere, to compile my *Ecloga*: this five and twenty yeeres at the least, I haue bene conuersant more or lesse in these kinde of studies, and some small proficient I haue bene, nothing repenting me of my paines bestowed, if they may profit my selfe and others, to the purpose. Answerable to the Bishops coniectures are most, if not all of our English MSS: *Quos Catholici maiores nostri reliquerunt*, (saith *Possuine*) & thought to be as good as any are in the world besides.

The second place suspected by the Bishop of corruption, is taken out of *Chrysostomes* Ep. ad Innocentium, in these words: The word is printed *ἐπιστάλαι* *ἐπαλάσσειν*, *obsco* ut scribas, which the wordes precedent and consequent import should bee *ἐπιστάλαι* *ἐπαλάσσειν* *obsco* ut scribatis, and so the other part of the sentence doth plainly con-

since where he saith: *quasi si per unumquemque de
voluntatem: i for e is easily over-seene, and yet in the matter the
difference is much, though not so much, that it should either
helpe them, or hurt vs. And else-where obsecro: ut scribas,*
the print or copie distrusted, the whole letter goeth on with
verbes of the plurall number--the whole petition made to them
all. Now whether *obsecro ut scribas*, can stand with these
wordes, *libris vestris firmi concedite*, or rather *obsecro ut scri-
batis*. A verbe of the singular number thrust in amongst
verbes of the plurall to claw the Bishop of Rome.

This selfe-same place I sent vnto a friend of mine, a Bat-
chelior learned in Diuinity, to be farther considered of mee,
who returned me this note thereupon. *Bell. de Rom. Pon-
tif. l. 2. c. 13. S. Septimo Bellarmines obseruation out of these
words is this. Chrysostome was vnjustly dep'sed by Theophi-
lus Antiochenus, and hereupon writeth to the Bishop of Rome,
that he would be pleased by his authoritie to nullifie Theo-
philus sentence, & to proceed both against him and his fellowes.
Therefore (saith he) Chrysostome did acknowledge the Bi-
shop of Rome to be chiefe Iudge of Controuersies amongst the
Gracians. Thus farre he Baronius is ready to daunce for ioy,
that he hath found so pregnant a place for the Popes suprema-
cie, and is of opinion, that God in his Diuine providence suffered
this breach to happen betwene these two famous Bishops, be-
cause there should a Constat as it were remaine vpon record
whether we ought to go vpon the like occasions: but by their
leaves, both our Cardinals haue committed many fraudu-
lent deportements in the carrying of this businesse.*

1 First S. Chrysostome wrote not to *Innocentius* alone,
but ioyntly to him and to his Collegues: This is proued by
the tenour of the whole Epistle, which neuer speakes but
in the plurall number. *Domini maxima, venerandi & fidei
quam hac ita se habere didiceritis, studium vestrum adhibete,
quo retundatur hac impietas*] Againe, in the very same place
aboue mentioned, *obsecro ut scribatis, non ut scribas*] This
reading is also well warranted by *Binius*, in both his Editi-
ons of the Councils, as well of *Anno 1206*. as the other of

By Pafius.

the yea re 1618. and in the *Graeke* Text set forth by Sir Henry Savill, not without deserued thanks and commendations of Papists. to. 7. p. 157. We read *ἐμστασις μαγαλάδης* (*non magis κλάδης* :) Although some Printed Copies, read corruptly *scribas*, and some *Greeke* (if the Iesuite deale with vs *fide optima & Romana*) which the learned Knight doth not dissemble, and once more full in the plurall number *litteris vestris frui concedite*]

2 I was haled and pulled & carried away by maine force, the reason was because forsooth I had appealed vnto the Synode] vnto the Synode, not vnto the Bishop of Rome.

3 He desireth the charity and fauour of the *Eastorne* Bishops almost in euery place, and wisheth that he might haue the happineffe to come to their goodnesse, and enioy the benefit thereof:] we haue therefore no acknowledgement of the Popes power of omnipotency.

4 If it shall be lawfull for enery one to breake or rush into another mans Diocesse, though from parts neuer so farre distant, & to determine what they list of their owne authorities, in short time all things will come to nothing] He doth plainly allude vnto the Canon of the Councell of Nice, wherein each Patriarch (the *Roman* and all) haue certaine bounds and limits, which all men were bound expressly to keepe. Therefore without all peradventure *Innocents* authority alone (which he well knew) reached no further then his owne Diocesse: Further he could not goe *extra regiones suburbicarias*: that was not the thing sought after, but the aide of an oecumenicall vniuersall Synode, to determine this Controuersie.

5 Besides, *Innocentius* himselfe else. where doth plainly shew, and as it were demonstrate vnto vs a way for the composing of such like Controuersies, in his Epistle to the Cleargie of *Constantinople*, as we may read it in *Sozomen*, l. 8. cap. 26. *Necessaria est inquit, &c.*] It is not onely expedient but necessary, that the Bishops should meet in a Synode, about the determining of these Controuersies---, for these stormes cannot be quieted, nor these tempests allaide, but onely
by

by a sober and temperate meeting of Bishops in a Synode] by a Synode onely, and not onely by the Sea of Rome.

6 In his 2. Ep. to Innocent, thus writeth S. Chrysostome else where, — I must needs acknowledge, that your Fatherhood hath piously, (as much as in you lay) composed all differences, and removed all scandals. — But they notwithstanding cease not to goe on in their obstinate and wicked courses.] Therefore Theophilus and his Complices or Copelmates, nothing cared for Innocentius attempts in this very Controuersie: but obstinately went on, and fomented this Schisme; Nathlesse hee did intercede and mediate to the contrary.

7 The most and the vtmost indeed that Innocent could doe, was (which was common to him with other Bishops according to the ancient custome of that age) to deny all manner of Communion and fellowship with Theophilus or his Theophilines: this was not to pronounce him banished from the Catholike Church, or to inualidate, or make his Acts of none effect by his bare authority and onely command. So here you have a small taste of that fruit in both kindes of Criticisme, which the world is to expect at our hands, if God giue grace and the Bishops leaue: and I should not thinke it much amisse or farre out of the way, if we did presently goe in hand with this eighth and ninth Articles: of all others they are the most important, else in comparing the Fathers workes, wee may happily mistake one for the other, or sonnes for Fathers: And againe, who knoweth not but the worke of comparing the *Latine Fathers* workes, the *Greekes* Translation, are in some sort inuolued and included in one of these two points, and these (to my seeming) may be well acted and peracted by, or not long after *Michaelmas*, only with the helpe of these twelue and some few voluntaries: provided that we begin before the next *Easter* as *motus est in instanti*, but I submit and pray.

Reasons why
we should vnder-
take the
8th. or 9th.
Articles first.

The

The tenth Point

Tenthly and lastly, the perpetuall *Visibility* of the Church, more or lesse, and the History of the same Religion that we profess for the substance thereof throughout all ages, may be shewed to the Eye, noting whē those Nouelismes and superadditaments of the *Church of Rome*, came in as neare as may be guessed, the time when, and parties by whom they vvere opposed.

All vvhich 10 *Propositions*, (needfull and important as they are) I doe vvillingly commend vnto my deare Mother the *Church of England*, and from her to the *Cleargie* and *Gentry* of this Land, to bee proceeded in, as they shall see it most expedient for the common good; promising nothing but my paines to bee commanded in these publique seruices. And I make no doubt (if God vvill) but that all this may be effected, vvithin some few yeares, if the Almighty giue grace, the rich whom God hath blessed with this worldly substance, encourage.

ragement; and the rest their prayers. Of the likelihood hereof I am the rather perswaded, because already by my ovvne meanes, and small endeauours, there is almost a fourth part of the Worke done in all these 10 Articles. If one alone may do so much vwithin such a time, vwhat may a dozen able Scholars (such as I knowv and could name) doe vwithin 5, 6, 7, or 8 yeares, vwhich is the vtmost in my conjecture?

The approbation of the Worke.

I Approue of the things here proiected, & wish with all my heart they may take good effect.

Io. PRIDEAUX Vicecanc. S. T. D. Prof. Reg.

Theol.

ROD. KETTEL Preſes Coll. S. Trinit.

LEON. HUTTEN Aedis Christi Prebend.

GVIL. LANGTON Coll. Magd. Preſes.

SEBASTIANVS BENEFIELD Lecturæ Margareticæ
Professor.

Io. RAVVLINSON Principalis Aulæ S. Edmundi.

Io. PARKEHVST Magister Coll. Ball.

Io. WILKINSON Aul. Magd. Præp.

GVIL. PEIRS Decanus Petriburgensis.

RICHARDVS CORBET Aedis Christi Decanus.

SAM. FELL Aedis Christi Præbend.

THO. ILES Aulae Cervinae Principalis.

RIC. ASTELEY Custos Coll. Omnium Animarum.

ROB. PINCK Novi Coll. Custos.

GV. SMYTH Coll. Wadham. Guard.

IO. TOLSON Coll. Oriel. Prepositus.

PAVLVS HOOD Coll. Lincoln. Rector.

GVIL. IVXON Coll. D. Io. Preses.

I Am now at length, happily (as I trust) arrived at the tenth point, which I will call the Cape of good Hope, because I conceive very good hope that if the former were done, this with some labour formerly taken by me will suddenly follow of it selfe: it is almost done already (thanks be to God) and good Mr. Fisher he shall haue his Buttery-booke ere long, *Ex malis moribus bona leges*, his iests may perhaps turne to earnest: we will out-Catalogue his fellow Dr. Norrice, who is so mighty a Goliath amongst our Philistines, that he hath defied all the hoste of Israel: as for Field, or Bilson, or Abbots, or Raynolds, they are but dwarfes in his hands, he maketh but a push at their writings, and seemeth to be able to set them to schoole againe, if Generall Norrice had beene no better at his sword, then he is at his Penne, the Low-Countries had been low enough by this time. I say no more but brag is a good dogge: and though I would not willingly fall into the same crime which I finde fault with in another, yet in this place in the vpshot and conclusion of all, I trust I shall finde pardon with the ingenious and discreet Reader, if I speake somewhat of my selfe, and for to excuse my forwardnesse in pressing this worke. As when men shall vnderstand that I was borne of Honest and Religious Parents, that are (I hope) now blessed Saints in Heauen, sometimes glorious

Shall I here
pose Mr. Bil-
son, shall I pose
M. Raynolds
S. N. p. 200. &
p. 81. 91. & 97.

Con-

Confessors here vpon earth, and exiles for Religion, that I haue studied this point more then 25 yeares, and petitioned, as I doe now, the *Bishops* in the last Parliament of the late *Queene*, that I haue liued euer since in a place of some eminency for bookes; where though I could not well study them my selfe, but carried and sometimes broke the bread like *Silennus Asse*, for others more then for my selfe, yet as one that standeth vpon an high tower, to discry the enemy, may doe good seruice, though hee bee not in the Camp; so I standing vpon this *Pharos* of learning, haue seen somewhat that it grieueth me to see, that bookes in time will decay if the estate of the Church or Common-wealth, doe not preuent our Papists mischieuous plots & complots, to pull Kings out of their thrones, and the King of Kings out of Heauen, if they may haue their wils, they are cunning Marchants, close workers, all is in the darke, and in the vault; I feare more their secret, then their open *Indices*: the truth is, I feare all, and beleue none of them, I am so taught by *D. Raynold*, *D. Raynold* by *Epicharmus*: they sow that now, which they meane to reape perhaps 40 or 50 yeares hence. I would gladly redeeme truth out of their hands, which is there not to be vsed, but suppressed, and to preserve Religion entire, as it hath bin left vnto vs, & to preserve it fro the iniuries of times and men, & who knoweth whether the great City of *Rome* be not to be assaulted and battered with these Rams? & the Man of sin, that Antichrist that exalteth himselfe aboue God, or all that is called God, be not to be ouerthrowne and cast downe to the ground, by this weake paper-shot of ours: I haue in Gods Name begun the battell in a good time, my *bellum papale* hath made a great and wide breach in their walls, my booke of corruptions hath touched them to the quicke, and drawne blood: but I shall re-enforce the battell ere it be long; experience hath taught me to vse stronger weapons. I would haue them in Print, that the Aduersary should take no exception against them; or rather that hee may iustly obiekt what he can, and when it is done, what great maste-

My Father,
M. Richard
Iams was in
the house
when Marsh
was taken, and
himselfe forced
with his
wife and children
to liue
all *Q. Maries*
time beyond
the seas.
My petition
is printed,
and to be
seene, that
I preferred at
that time
vnto the Bishops
in Convocation.
As shall be
fully shewed
ere long in a
booke now
in the Presse,
to be printed,
if God will.

ry is it to conquer a poore feeble man, whom age hath made old, and not sicknesse, and God with the meanes of a learned Physition hath made strong, contrary to all humane expectation. I must die when the appointed time shall come, it is good not to be found idle, or abroad out of my vocation. *Non omnes possunt esse maximi.* Sure I am I have beene oftentimes buried in the mouthes of some ambitious men. I have written, spoken, and done somewhat, when I might have taken my pleasure of the world, (as too many of my coat doe) I have (thanked be God) no cure of soules, and yet am not secure or willing to say to my soule, take thy rest: yet if my eyes may be so happy as to see the *Epilogue* and *Catastrophe* of this great businesse, I shall sing my *Nunc dimittis* with great contentednesse of mind, though I have neuer a penny for my labour: they deserue not (to my seeming) a reward for their labours, which labour for a reward. I shall finde some respect amongst my fellow *Protestants*, and if it be but for my constant and vnfeined zeale: of the *Papists*, I looke for nothing but contempt and disgrace: I have tasted of this cup, which my blessed Sauour began vnto me, it is very bitter, saue that the wood of his Crosse hath sweetned it; I neuer offended any of them willingly: all my reading is in their owne Authors, are they offended for this? The proofes of my Religion, Truth and Antiquity are taken from them, is this that offendeth them? Nay I am contented, and fully resolved to stand to the determination of the materiall controuerfies by their owne rules, and Iudges of their owne making, or some of their owne appointment.

My bookes are yet vnanswered, those that seemed to be answered; here a sentence and there a sentence, I haue replied and reioyned vnto them: I am neither *idle drone*, nor *wine bibber*, or *tippler*, nor *cutter and mangler*, forger or counterfeiter of *MSS*, I will leaue that to the *Papists*, *Hardings*, and *Possuiners* of those times, I will not offer to take their trade out of their hands. They thinke not so meanly of my selfe, as my selfe doe, yet as *Amall* once said to *Harding*,
by

by the grace of God I am that I am, and that grace is sufficient for me: if I should depend upon the praise of man, I were not the true servants of God, it puffeth me not up, that I haue receiued private letters, and open testimonies from beyond the seas, to encourage me to goe on cheerfully in the course of my studies, and these from Papists as well as Protestants, some men of eminent learning, as well as Nobility, from the greatest Bishops within this land, as well as men of fame and name beyond the Seas: all this (as I say) puffeth not me up, and maketh not me neither idle, nor high minded, I thanke them for their good wils, and am thankfull to the Almighty, if any thing be praise worthy in me, or beneficiall to others: but I account all this as nothing, and my selfe lesse then nothing, if I doe not religiously pay my vowes, which I haue solemnly made to God and the Church in this kinde: and for a conclusion of all, to winde vp all, as it were into one clew. If the first Point may be well accomplished in three or foure yeares, the second in one yeare, the third and fourth in halfe a yeare, the fift in a yeare or two, the 6. by two in two yeares, the 7. in a manner in a quarter of a yeare, the eighth and ninth in halfe a yeare, the last within lesse then a twelue moneth: when all is done, *Quid stamus hic tota die otiosi*. Once againe I am ready my selfe, and so are twelue more as willing in some sort, more able then my selfe, to enter the lists, and vpon the worke: if wee shall bee thereunto required by our Superiours, if our sister Vniuersity will ioine hand in hand with vs, we shall march the more confidently, they reuising our labours, and we interchangeably theirs, the worke will the sooner and better be done, within halfe the time, by the rule of proportion. Thus I haue laboured in this Apology to satisfie others (for if I should not do so much as in me lieth, I should not satisfie my self) satisfie all I cannot, my Superiours I hope I shall, if by no other, yet by this, that in the end I may iustly sing my *Io Paean*,

From *Io. Zamoscius* the Chancellor of Poland, and Generall of his army sent vnto me 23. yeares agoe from my *Lo. Mornay* from *Amandus Polanus, Iunius, Gruterus, Seb. L. tetus, Keckermannus, Vossius, Rihet, Goulartius,* and others, from beyond the Seas. *M. small paines haue been approved, and in some sort commended by my now Lord of Canterbury, Dr. Suttiffe, Dr. Bulkeley, Dr. Prideaux, Dr. Hakewill, Dr. Beard, Master Perkins and others.* The siege of Troy is said to haue lasted 10 yeeres at the vtmost. I wold not aske longer time to impugne and expugne this *New Troy*, or

Troynouant, I haue it vnder their hands, I haue made the best choice of the best and most able schollers that neuer sued to me: I wil beare them witnesse, but I will attempt nothing but *permissu Superiorum*.

all honour, praise, and glory vnto God, not diuiding my
praise as most Papists doe, and *Bellarmino* is said to diuide
his soule betwixt God and the virgine *Mary*, fowly
and shamefully: contradicting his former position, supping
vp as it were his owne words. *Tutissimum est, &c.* The sa-
fest way of all is to relie on Gods mercy.



F N S.

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